CZU: 547.587.2:582.688.4

CONTENT OF TANNINS IN PLANT PRODUCTS OF SOME SPECIES FROM GENUS ACTINIDIA

Calalb Tatiana^{1*}, Ciorchina Nina^{2*}

¹Departement of Pharmacognozy and pharmaceutical botany, "Nicolae Testemitanu" State University of Medicine and Pharmacy, Chisinau, Republic of Moldova ²Laboratory of Embiology and biotechnology, "Alexandru Ciubotaru" National Botany Garden, Chisinau, Republic of Moldova *E-mail: tatiana.calalb@usmf.md, ninaciorchina@mail.ru

The genus *Actinidia*, native to the temperate eastern Asia, contains about 80 species. Many species of this genus have interes for pharmacy, food, green space ornamentation and cosmetics. Plant products collected from 3 species – *A. kolomikta* (Rupr. & Maxim),

A. argura (Siebold & Zucc.) Planchand and A. deliciosa (A. Chev.) C.F. Liang & A.R. Ferguson, which were introduced into the plant collection of the Alexandru Ciobotaru National Botanical Garden were subjected to phytochemical analysis, including tannin content.

Objective of the study was the determination of tannin content in different vegetal products collected from 3 species of genus *Actinidia*, grown in climate conditions of the Republic of Moldova.

Tannin dosing was performed by titrimetric method in different plant products – *Radices, Cortex, Folia and Fructus* of *A. kolomikta, A. argura* and *A. deliciosa* species. Content was expressed as % FW.

The experimental data, obtained in 3 replicates, show that all the products analyzed contain tannins, but the content varies from 0.575 to 11.361% depending on the type of plant product and species. The highest tannin values were recorded for juvenile vegetal products of *Cortex* (11.361%) and *Folia* (8.563%) from species *A. kolomikta*. For the other vegetal products such as mature leaves, roots, mature bark, fruits of *A. kolomikta* as well as the other 2 species *A. arguta* and *A. deliciosa* the tannin content ranged between 0.575 and 2.403%.

From all plant products (*Radices, Cortex, Folia, Fructus*) analyzed from 3 species of Actinidia (*A. kolomikta, A. arguta and A. deliciosa*), grown in the climate conditions of the Republic of Moldova, the juvenile leaves and bark of *A. kolomikta* species were found to have a high tannin content, which can be used for pharmaceutical purposes.

Acknowledgements: This study was carried out with the support of the project" Introduction and development of technologies for the propagation and cultivation of new woody plant species by conventional techniques and *in vitro* cultures", code 20.80009.7007.19

Keywords: Actinidia sp., tannin content, titrimetric method, vegetal products.

